

Name \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_ Class \_\_\_\_\_

Fill in the blanks with the correct answer.

1. The \_\_\_\_\_ branch has the responsibility to interpret laws and settle disputes.
2. There are \_\_\_\_\_ total votes in the Electoral College.
3. The \_\_\_\_\_ Plan, submitted by James Madison, proposed two houses of Congress based upon population.
4. Who is the current Vice President of the United States? \_\_\_\_\_
5. Who is the current Speaker of the House? \_\_\_\_\_

True or False. Write **T** or **F** for each answer.

6. The Articles of Confederation could be considered our first Constitution.
7. Marbury v. Madison established the precedent for judicial review.
8. The "Great Compromise" was important because it solved the problem of representation.
9. Patrick Henry said "Give me liberty or give me death."
10. The last amendment to the Constitution was adopted in 1981.
11. The United States Congress creates laws for all 50 states.
12. There are ten Cabinet positions.
13. The 28th amendment has been approved by the states and will go into effect in March 2022.
14. James Madison was considered the "Father of the Constitution."
15. To become president you must be a natural-born citizen.
16. United States senators are elected by the people of the entire state.
17. One-third of the Senate is elected every two years.
18. The Constitution allows for laws to be made for subjects that did not even exist in 1787.
19. The original 13 colonies included Pennsylvania.
20. The Capital of the United States is Washington D.C.
21. The next presidential election will be in 2022.
22. The Preamble is at the beginning of the Constitution and explains the goals of the document.
23. Benjamin Franklin was the President of the Constitutional Convention.
24. Popular vote is defined as the vote of the people.
25. The original Constitution outlawed slavery.
26. The first ten amendments are called the Bill of Rights.
27. The Boston Tea Party was held by the British to greet new immigrants to the colonies.
28. A United States senator may be re-elected only once.
29. There are an even-number of justices in the United States Supreme Court.
30. The House of Representatives does not get involved in impeachment cases.
31. United States representatives receive larger salaries than United States senators.
32. A three-fourths vote is necessary for Congress to pass a law over the president's veto.
33. If a president does not act on a bill within ten days it will become law if Congress is in session.
34. The Anti-Federalists opposed ratification of the Constitution.
35. An ex post facto law is a law that makes an act illegal after the act has been committed.
36. Federal judges hold office for life unless removed by impeachment.
37. Each state must treat the citizens of other states the same way it treats its own citizens.
38. States can make treaties with foreign countries.
39. Both the federal and state governments can establish a court system.
40. The president can call both houses of Congress into special session.
41. The idea that power to govern belongs to the people (or representatives) is called popular sovereignty.
42. The budget is the federal government's annual plan for raising and spending money.
43. The United States Supreme Court Justices are appointed by Congress.
44. The United States flag should be in the rear of a parade or procession.
45. The president is the head of the legislative branch.
46. The Articles of Confederation were adopted by the First Continental Congress.
47. The Declaration of Independence was signed in 1776.
48. The executive branch has no checks over the judicial branch.
49. The Declaration of Independence was written before the Constitution.
50. One purpose of the census is to decide how many U.S. representatives each state receives.